POWERTIP   TECH.   CORP.

DISPLAY DEVICES FOR BETTER ELECTRONIC DESIGN

Specification For Approval

Customer   :   _____

Model Type   :   __LCD Module__

Sample Code   :   __PG12864LRF-ANN-B-S0__

Mass Production Code   :   _____

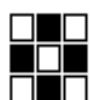Edition   :   __0__

Customer Sign	Sales Sign	Approved By	Prepared By

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POWERTIP TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION
DISPLAY DEVICES FOR BETTER ELECTRONIC DESIGN

1. SPECIFICATIONS

1.1 Features

- Full dot-matrix structure with 128 dots *64 dots
- 1/64 Duty, 1/9 bias
- FSTN LCD, positive
- Transflective LCD
- 6 o'clock viewing angle
- 8 bits parallel data input ,without controller IC
- Built-in negative voltage and LED backlight

1.2 Mechanical Specifications

- Outline dimension　　:　93.0mm(L) *70.0mm(W)*14.0mm max.(H)
- Viewing area　　　　:　72.0mm　*40.0mm
- Active area　　　　　:　66.52mm　*33.24mm
- Dot size　　　　　　:　0.48mm　*0.48mm
- Dot pitch　　　　　　:　0.52mm　*0.52mm

1.3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power supply Voltage	V_{DD}	-	4.5	5.5	V
LCD drive Supply voltage	V_{DD}-V_{EE}	-	8.0	17	V
Input voltage	V_{IN}	-	-0.3	V_{DD}+0.3	V
Operating temperature	T_{OPR}	-	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature	T_{STG}	-	-30	80	°C
Humidity*1	HD	-	-	90	%RH

1.4 DC Electrical Characteristics

V_{DD}=+5V$\pm$10%,V_{SS}=0V,TA=25°C

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Logic Supply voltage	V_{DD}	-	4.5	5	5.5	V
"H" input voltage	V_{IH}	-	0.7V_{DD}	-	VDD	V
"L" input voltage	V_{IL}	-	0	-	0.3V_{DD}	V
"H" output voltage	V_{OH}	-	V_{DD}-0.4	-	-	V
"L" output voltage	V_{OL}	-	-	-	0.4	V
Supply current	I_{DD}	V_{DD}=5V	-	2.28	2.51	mA
LCD driving voltage	V_{OP}	V_{DD}-V_O	-	12.87	13.71	V

1.5 Optical Characteristics

1/128 duty, 1/12 bias, V_{OPR}=13.6V, Ta=25°C

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max	Reference
Viewing angle	θ	C$\geq$2.0,$\varnothing$=0°	30°	-	-	Notes 1 & 2
Contrast	C	θ=5°, $\varnothing$=0°	-	3	-	Note 3
Response time(rise)	T_r	θ=5°, $\varnothing$=0°	-	140ms	200ms	Note 4
Response time(fall)	T_f	θ=5°, $\varnothing$=0°	-	300ms	500ms	Note 4

Parameter	Symbol	Temperature (°C)	Standard			Unit
			Min	Typ	Max	
Driving voltage	V_{OP}	-20	14.3	14.7	15.1	V
		25	13.2	13.6	14.0	
		70	12.0	12.4	12.8	

Note 1: Definition of angles θ and ∅

Light (when reflected) z (θ=0°)

Sensor

Y'(∅=180°)

θ

LCD panel

X'

X(∅=90°)

∅

Z'

Light (when transmitted)

Y(∅=0°)

(θ=90°)
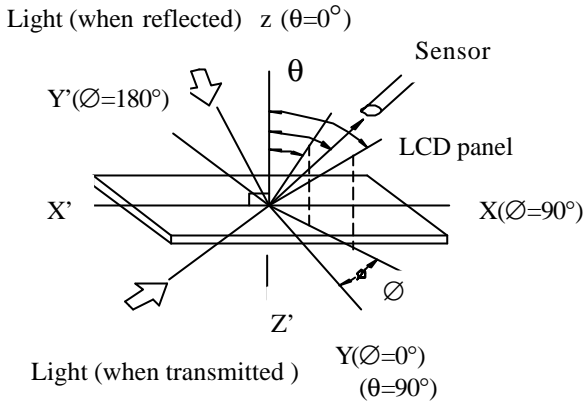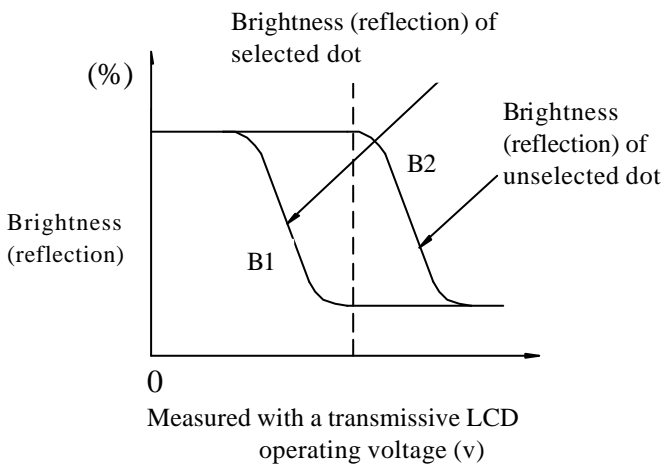
Note 2: Definition of viewing angles θ1 and θ2
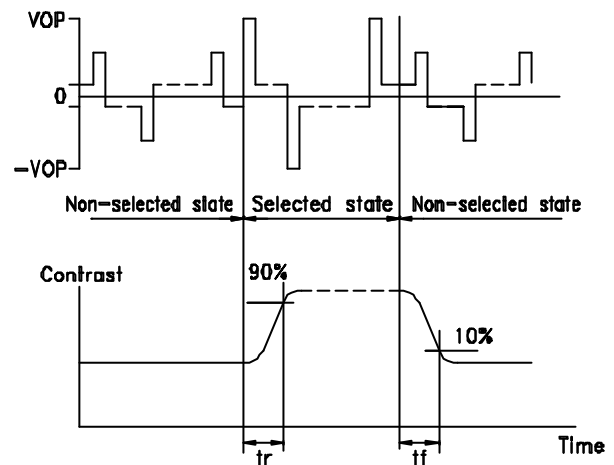
Contrast
C

Cmax.

2.0

θ1

θ2

viewing angle θ (∅ fixed)
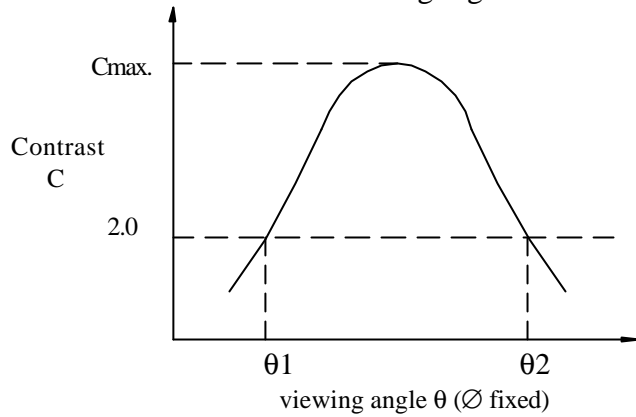
Note :　Optimum viewing angle with the
naked eye and viewing angle θ at
Cmax. Above are not always the same

Note 3: Definition of contrast C

$$C = \frac{\text{Brightness (reflection) of unselected dot (B2)}}{\text{Brightness (reflection) of selected dot (B1)}}$$

Brightness (reflection) of
selected dot

(%)

Brightness
(reflection) of
unselected dot

B2

Brightness
(reflection)

B1

0

Measured with a transmissive LCD
operating voltage (v)

Note 4: Definition of response time

VOP

0

−VOP

Non−selected state | Selected state | Non−selected state

Contrast

90%

10%

tr

tf

Time

Note:

panel which is displayed 1 cm^2

V_{OPR} : Operating voltage　　f_{FRM} : Frame frequency
t_r : Response time (rise)　　t_f : Response time (fall)

1.6 Backlight Characteristic

The LCD Module is using a LED backlight

•.Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Forward current	I_F	$T_A=25°C$	-	975	mA
Reverse voltage	V_R	$T_A=25°C$	-	8	V
Power dissipation	P_O	$T_A=25°C$	-	4.5	W
Operating Temperature	T_{OPR}	-	-20	70	°C
Storage temperature	T_{STG}	-	-40	80	°C

•.Electrical Ratings

$T_A=25°C$

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Forward voltage	V_F	$I_F=390mA$	-.	4.2	4.6	V
Reverse current	I_R	$V_R=8V$	-	-	0.2	mA
Luminous intensity (without LCD)	I_V	$I_F=390mA$	-	90	-	cd/m^2
Luminous intensity (with LCD)	I_V	$I_F=390mA$	-	50	-	cd/m^2
Wavelength	λp	$I_F=390mA$	-	635	-	nm
Color	Yellow Green					

2. MODULE STRUCTURE

2.1 Counter Drawing

*See Appendix 1

2.2 Interface Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	V_{SS}	Power Supply (Vss=0)
2	V_{DD}	Power Supply (V_{DD}>V_{SS})
3	V_o	Operating voltage for LCD
4	D/$\overline{I}$	Register selection input High =Data register Low =Instruction register (for write) Busy flag address counter (for read)
5	R/$\overline{W}$	R/W signal input is used to select the read/write mode High =Read mode, Low =Write mode
6	E	Start enable signal to read or write the data
7-14	DB0~DB7	Data bus line
15	CS1	Chip enable for D2 (segment 1 to segment 64)
16	CS2	Chip enable for D3 (segment 65 to segment 128)
17	$\overline{RST}$	Reset signal
18	Vout	Negative voltage power supply
19	A	Power supply for LED backlight (+)
20	K	Power supply for LED backlight (-)

Contrast Adjust

V_{DD}

V_O

20KΩ

Vout

2

3   LCD MODULE

18
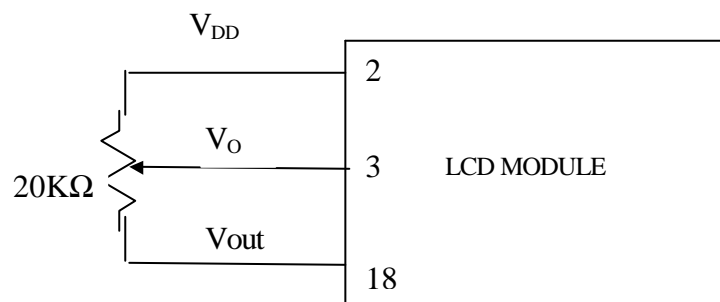
2.3 Timing Characteristics
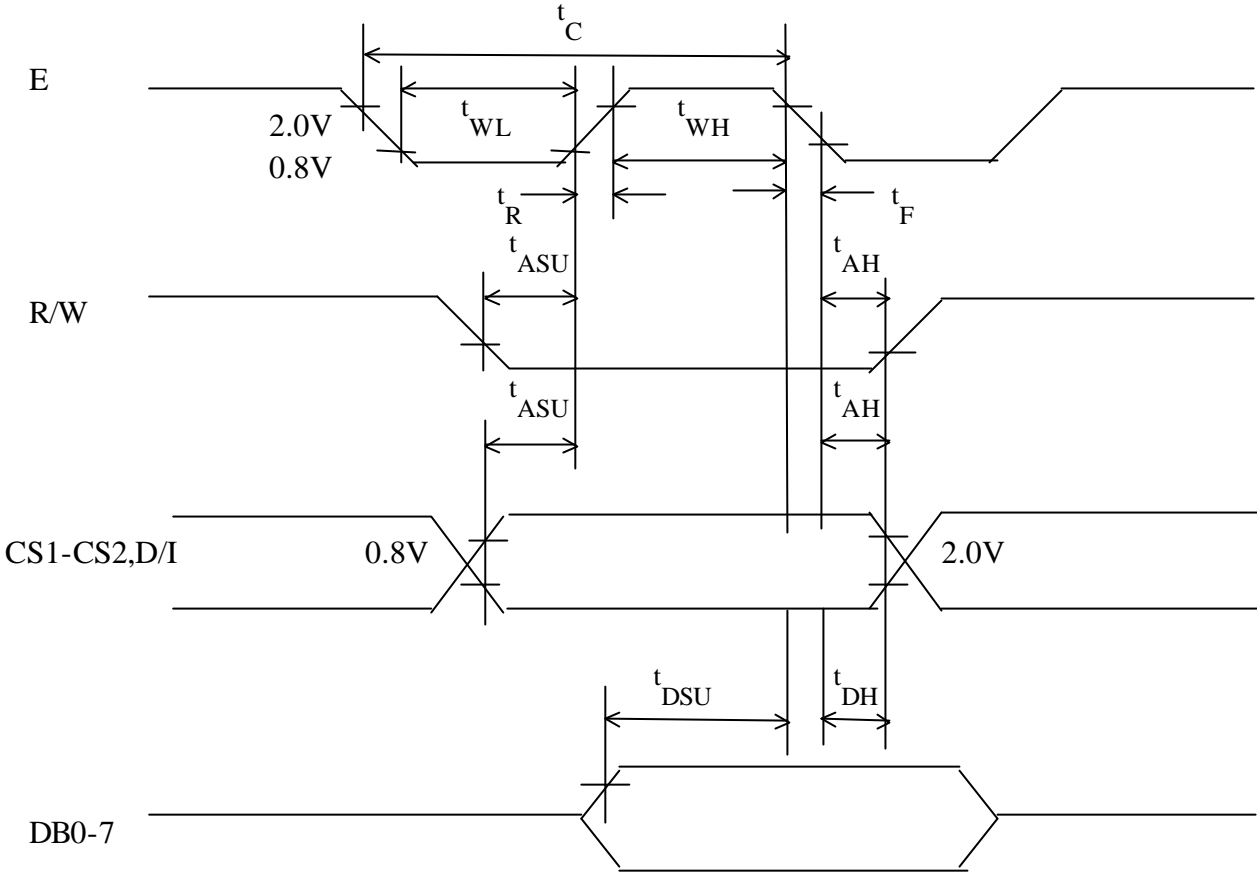
MPU write timing
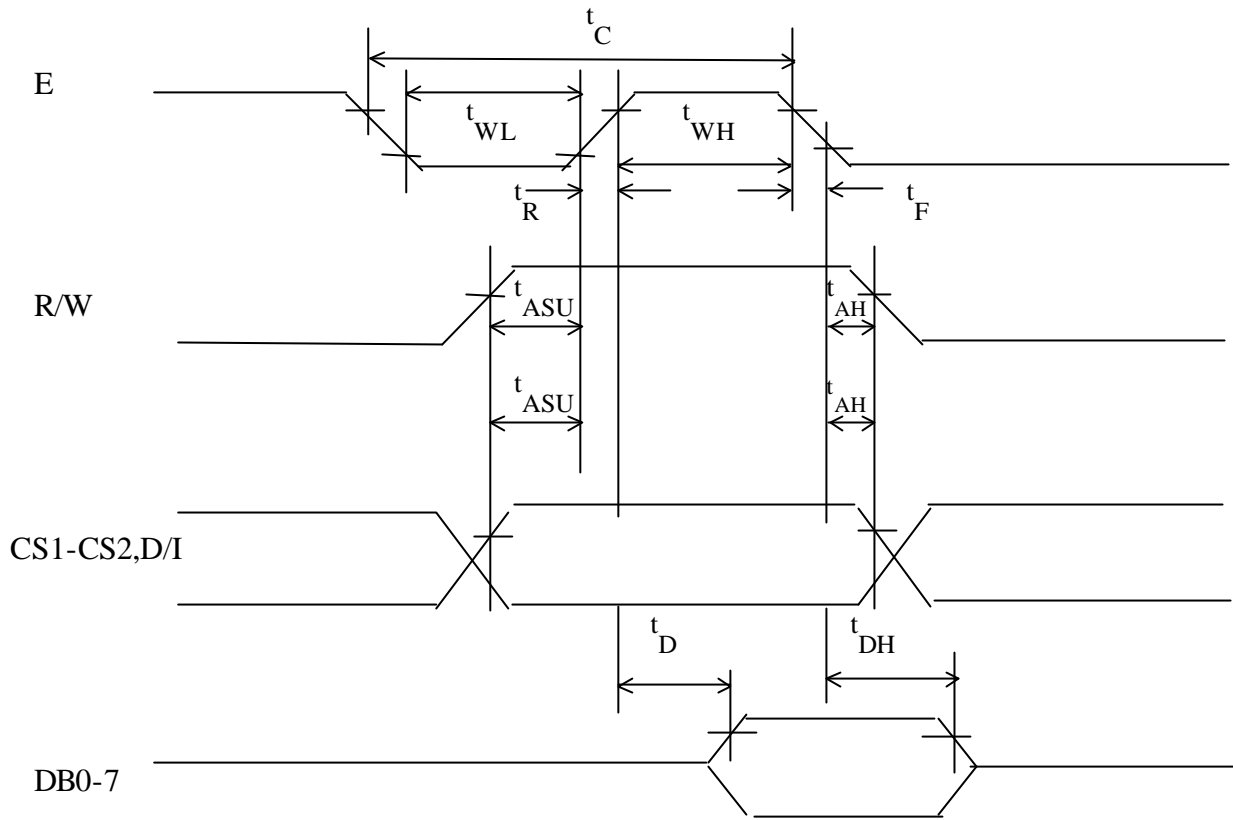
MPU read timing

Characteristic	Symbol	Min.	Typ	Max	Unit
E Cycle	t_C	1000	-	-	ns
E High Level Width	t_{WH}	450	-	-	ns
E Low Level Width	t_{WL}	450	-	-	ns
E Rise Time	t_R	-	-	25	ns
E Fall Time	t_F	-	-	25	ns
Address Set-Up time	t_{ASU}	140	-	-	ns
Address Hold Time	t_{AH}	10	-	-	ns
Data Set-Up Time	t_{SU}	200		-	ns
Data Delay Time	t_D	-	-	320	ns
Data Hold Time (Write)	t_{DHW}	10	-	-	ns
Data Hold Time (Read)	t_{DHR}	20	-	-	ns

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2.4 Display command

Instructions	R/W	D/I	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Functions	
					Code							
Display on/off	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1/0	Controls display on/off. RAM data and internal status are not affected.	
Display start line	0	0	1	1	Display start line (0-63)						Specifies the RAM line displayed at the top of the screen.	
Set Page (x address)	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	Page (0-7)			Sets the page (X address) of RAM at the page (X address) register.	
Set Y address	0	0	0	1	Y address (0-63)						Sets the Y address in the Y address in the counter.	
Status read	1	0	Busy	0	ON/ OFF	Reset	0	0	0	0	Reads the status. Reads 1: Reset 0: Normal ON/OFF 1: Display off 0: Display on Busy 1: Internal operation 0: Ready	
Write display data	0	1	Write data								Writes data DB0 (LSB) to DB7 (MSB) on the data bus into display RAM.	Has access to the address of the display RAM specified in advance. After the access, Y address is increased by 1.
Read display data	1	1	Read data								Reads data DB0 (LSB) to DB7 (MSB) from the display RAM to the data bus.	

Detailed Explanation

Display On/Off

	R/W	D/I	DB7							.DB0
Code	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	D
			MSB							LSB

The display data appears when D is 1 and disappears when D is 0. Though the data is not on the screen with D=0, it remains in the display data RAM. Therefore, you can make it appear by changing D=0 into D=1.

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Display Start Line

R/W	D/I	DB7	…………………………………	.DB0

Code

0	0	1	1	A	A	A	A	A	A

MSB · LSB

Z address AAAAAA (binary) of the display data RAM is set in the display start line register and
displayed at the top of the screen. Figure 1 shows examples of display (1/64 duty cycle) when the start
line=0-3. When the display duty cycle is 1/64 or more (ex. 1/32, 1/24 etc.), the data of total line number
of LCD screen, from the line specified by display start line instruction, is displayed.
See figure 1.

Set page (X address)

R/W	D/I	DB7	…………………………………….DB0

Code

0	0	1	0	1	1	1	A	A	A

MSB · LSB

X address AAA (binary) of the display data RAM is set in the X address register. After that, writing or
reading to or from MPU is executed in this specified page until the next page is set. See figure 2.

Set Y Address

R/W	D/I	DB7	…………………………………….DB0

Code

0	0	0	1	A	A	A	A	A	A

MSB · LSB

Y address AAAAAA (binary) of the display data RAM is set in the Y address Counter. After that,
Y address counter is increased by 1 every time the data is written or read to or from MPU.
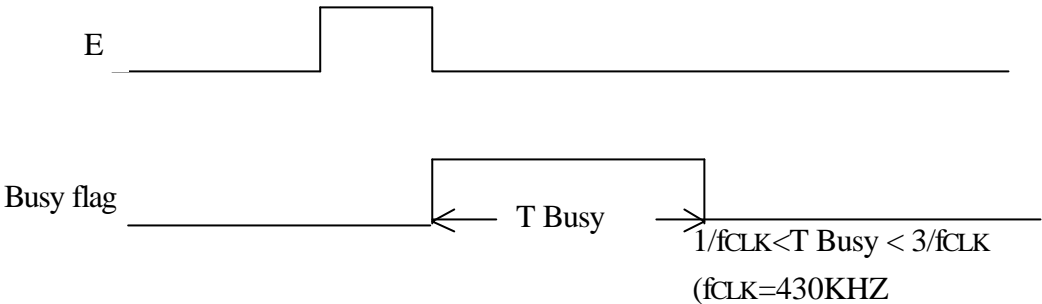
Status Read

R/W	D/I	DB7	……………………………	.DB0

Code

1	0	BUSY	0	ON/OFF	REST	0	0	0	0

MSB · LS

• Busy

When busy is 1, the LSI is executing internal operations. No instructions are accepted while busy is 1, so
you should make sure that busy is 0 before writing the next instruction.

E

Busy flag

T Busy

$1/f_{CLK} < T \text{ Busy} < 3/f_{CLK}$

$(f_{CLK}=430\text{KHZ}$

• ON/OFF

Shows the liquid crystal display conditions: on condition or off condition.

When on/off is 1, the display is in off condition.

When on/off is 0, the display is in on condition.

• RESET

RESET=1 shows that the system is being initialized. In this condition, no instructions except status read can be accepted.

RESET=0 shows that initializing has finished and the system is in the usual operation condition.

Write Display Data

	R/W	D/I	DB7							....DB0
Code	0	1	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
			MSB							LSB

Write 8-bit data DDDDDDD (binary) into the display data RAM. Then Y address is increased by 1 automatically.

Read Display Data

	R/W	D/I	DB7							DB0
Code	1	1	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
			MSB							LSB

Reads out 8-bit data DDDDDDD (binary) from the display data RAM. Then Y address is increased by 1 automatically.

One dummy read is necessary right after the address setting. For details, refer to the explanation of output register in "Function of Each Block".
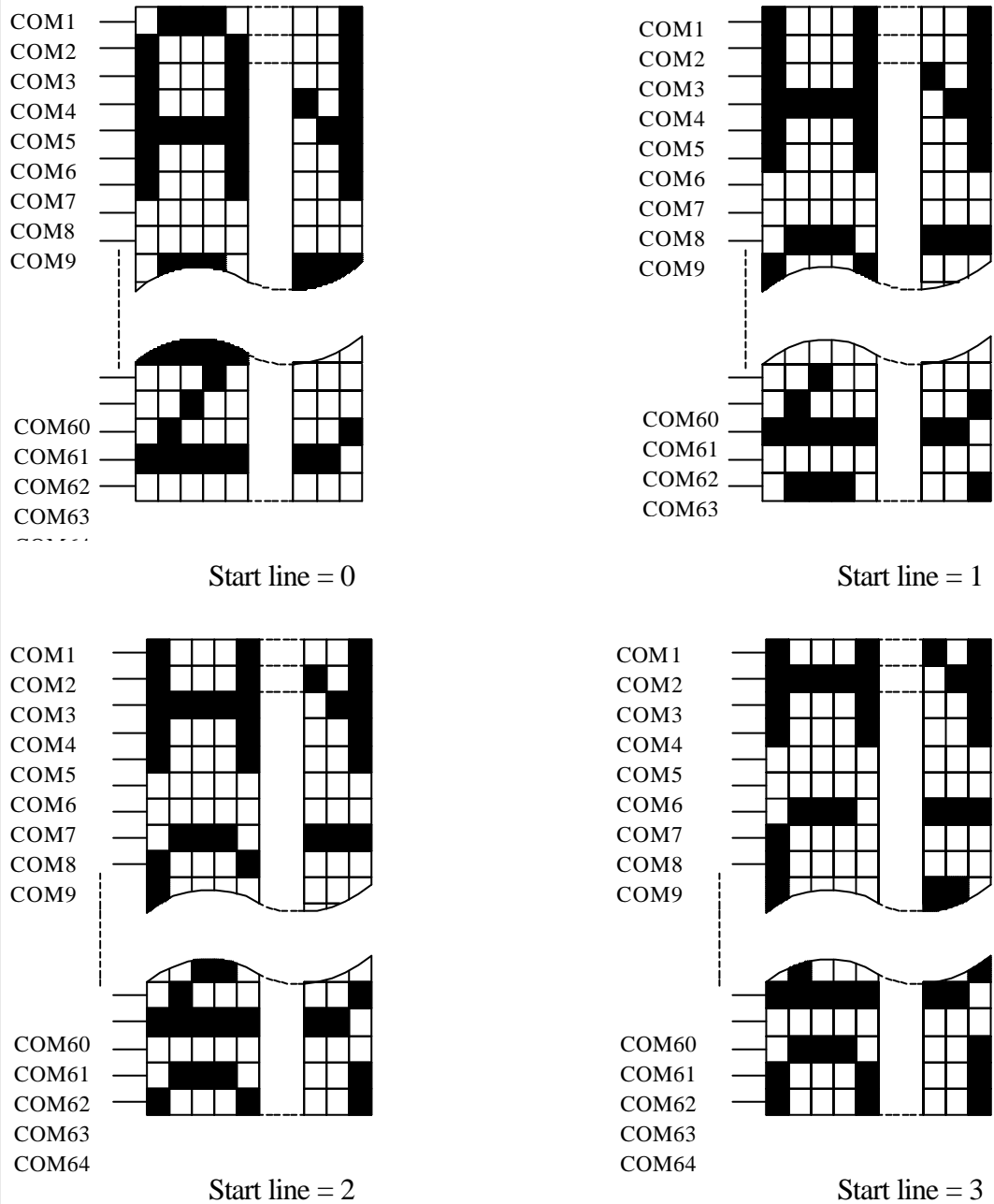
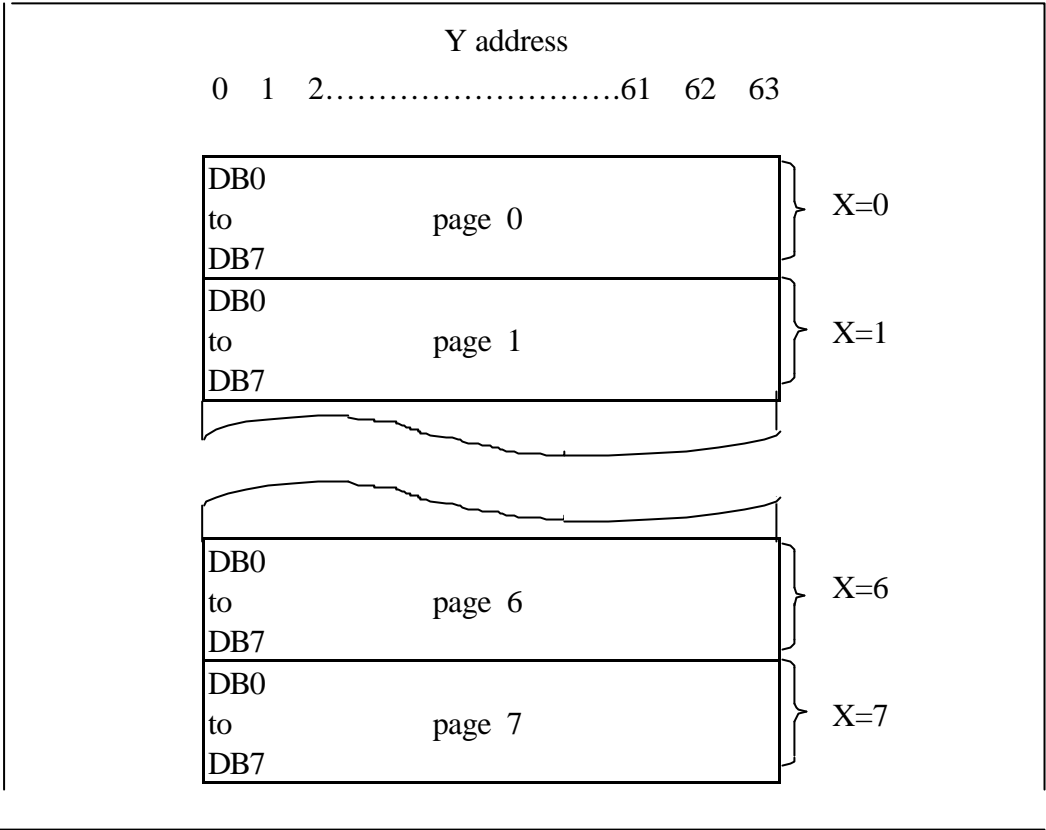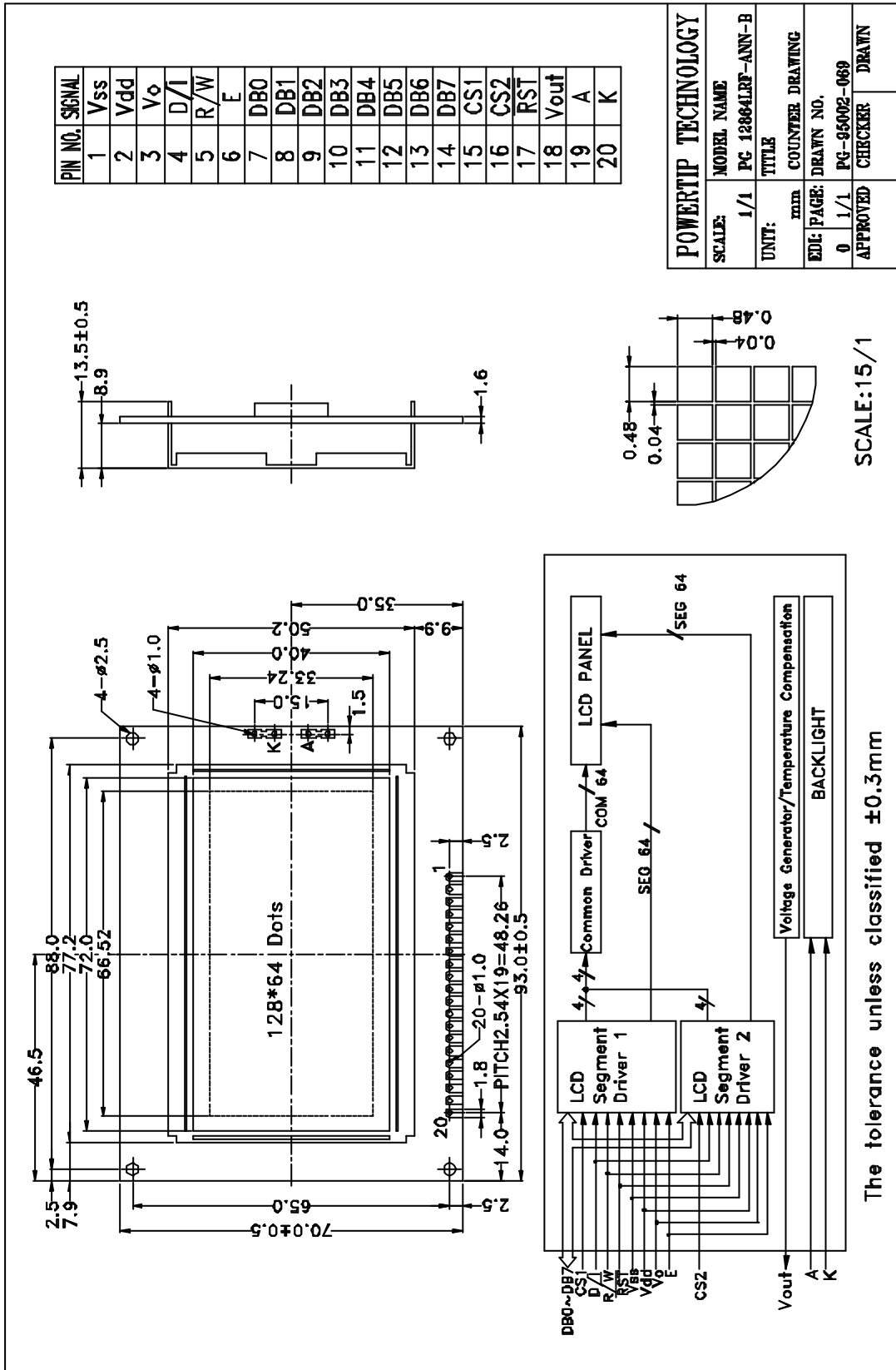Figure 1 Relation between Start Line and Display

Figure 2 Address Configuration of Display Data RAM
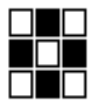
Note: "128*64" consist of 2 "64*64"

CS1⇒ Chip enable for left 64*64 (segment1 to segment 64)

CS2⇒ Chip enable for right 64*64 (segment 65 to segment 128)

PIN NO.	SIGNAL
1	Vss
2	Vdd
3	Vo
4	D/I
5	R/W
6	E
7	DB0
8	DB1
9	DB2
10	DB3
11	DB4
12	DB5
13	DB6
14	DB7
15	CS1
16	CS2
17	RST
18	Vout
19	A
20	K

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MODEL NAME	PG 12864LRF-ANN-B	
SCALE: 1/1	TITLE	COUNTER DRAWING
UNIT: mm	DRAWN NO.	PG-95002-069
EDI: PAGE: 1/1	DRAWN	
0 1/1	CHECKER	
APPROVED		

13.5±0.5
8.9
1.6

0.48
0.04

0.48
0.04

SCALE:15/1

LCD PANEL

SEG 64

Common Driver

COM 64

SEG 64

Voltage Generator/Temperature Compensation

BACKLIGHT

LCD Segment Driver 1

LCD Segment Driver 2

4

4 4

4

DB0~DB7
CS1
D/I
R/W
RST
Vdd
Vo
Vss
E

CS2

Vout
A
K

The tolerance unless classified ±0.3mm

35.0
50.2
9.9
40.0
33.24
15.0
1.5

4-ø2.5
4-ø1.0

K A

88.0
77.2
72.0
66.52

46.5

128*64 Dots

2.5

1
20

2.5
7.9

65.0
70.0±0.5

2.5

1.8
20-ø1.0
14.0
PITCH2.54X19=48.26
93.0±0.5